## February 24, 2017

















An Open Letter to the Georgia Senate: Reject H.B. 61's Unconstitutional Tax Grab

Dear Georgia Senator,

On behalf of the millions of members of the undersigned organizations, including thousands of Georgia residents and taxpayers, we write in strong opposition to H.B. 61, which would require online businesses located outside Georgia to remit sales taxes to the state or provide the state with sales records to Georgia citizens. This legislation is both unconstitutional and unwise and therefore should be rejected.

This bill and similar approaches to interstate sales taxes hold an ignominious distinction: they are the only such efforts in recent memory to be *intentionally* drafted so as to be unconstitutional and draw a lawsuit. By empowering Georgia to collect taxes from businesses with no physical presence within your borders, the rule would immediately draw Georgia into a potentially expensive and bitter cycle of litigation that is duplicative of similar cases in other states. It's a cycle unlikely to yield a positive result, since decades-old Supreme Court precedent makes clear that state tax powers stop at the border's edge.

Setting aside the bills' obvious unconstitutionality, it is decidedly unwise for Georgia. By contributing to the erosion of borders as effective limits on state tax power, it will encourage poorly-governed, tax-heavy states like California, New York, and Illinois to unleash their aggressive tax collectors on Georgia businesses. Your own constituents could be subject to audit and enforcement actions in states all across the country in which they have no physical presence.

Furthermore, a system of sales tax enforcement unbounded by any tangible connection like a physical presence would impose significant compliance costs on web-enabled businesses. This burden would fall particularly hard on specialty businesses and small sellers that are dependent on the internet to reach their customers. They would be forced to keep track of all 10,000 taxing jurisdictions across the country, each with its own rates, rules and regulations, while sales in similar brick-and-mortar businesses only require collection of tax for the single jurisdiction in which they're located.

The U.S. Constitution was written to replace the Articles of Confederation in no small part due to the latter's failure to prevent a spiraling interior "war" of states who could assert tax and regulatory authority outside their borders. While the Constitution's Commerce Clause and subsequent jurisprudence make clear that taxing power must be limited by state borders, this bill seeks to wipe those limits away. That would be dangerous and we urge that you and your fellow legislators act to stop it.

Sincerely,

Andrew Moylan, R Street Institute Norm Singleton, Campaign for Liberty Jeffrey L. Mazzella, Center for Individual Freedom Jessica Melugin, Competitive Enterprise Institute Wayne Brough, FreedomWorks Pete Sepp, National Taxpayers Union David Williams, Taxpayers Protection Alliance Judson Phillips, Tea Party Nation